### **COURSE OUTLINE PHILOSOPHY OF SPORT**

#### 1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	PHYSICAL EDUCATION, SPORT SCIENCE AND OCCUPATIONAL				
	THERAPY				
DEPARTMENT	PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND SPORT SCIENCE				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	ISCED level 6 – Bachelor's or equivalent level				
COURSE CODE	C031	SEMESTER 3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup>		and 4 <sup>th</sup>	
COURSE TITLE	PHILOSOPHY	OF SPORT			
TEACHING ACTIVITIES  If the ECTS Credits are distributed in distinct parts of the course e.g.  lectures, labs etc. If the ECTS Credits are awarded to the whole course, then please indicate the teaching hours per week and the corresponding ECTS Credits.		TEACHING HOURS PER WEEK		ECTS CREDITS	
			2		3
Please, add lines if necessary. Teaching methods and organization of the course are described in section 4.					
COURSE TYPE  Background, General Knowledge, Scientific  Area, Skill Development	SCIENTIFIC AREA SKILL DEVELOPMENT				
PREREQUISITES:	None				
TEACHING & EXAMINATION	Greek				
LANGUAGE:					
COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS:	None				
COURSE URL:	https://eclass.duth.gr/courses/KOM02397/				

# 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

# **Learning Outcomes**

Please describe the learning outcomes of the course: Knowledge, skills and abilities acquired after the successful completion of the course.

Upon the completion of this course the student will be able to:

- The subject of athletic philosophy in antiquity focusing on the views of Plato and Aristotle.
- The values and the attributes of modern athletics, as well as its' contribution to moral development.
- The most important problems of modern athletics.
- The evolution of sports in modern world.

# **General Skills**

Name the desirable general skills upon successful completion of the module

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and information, Project design and management

ICT Use Equity and Inclusion

Adaptation to new situations Respect for the natural environment

Decision making Sustainabilit

Autonomous work Demonstration of social, professional and moral responsibility

eamwork and sensitivity to gender issues

Working in an international environment Critical thinking

Working in an interdisciplinary environment Promoting free, creative and inductive reasoning

Production of new research ideas

#### 3. COURSE CONTENT

- 1. The concept and the content of the philosophy of sport The view of physical education and sport in the philosophy of Plato and Aristotle.
- 2. The background of sports philosophy
- 3. The game contest athletics exercise: philosophical research
- 4. The value of sports
- 5. Contribution of sports to the moral development of children.
- 6. The philosophy of Olympism in modern times Idealism and realism to the Olympic idea.
- 7. Fair play, athletic behavior, trickery and cheat in sports.
- 8. The problem of doping.
- 9. Violence and sports.
- 10. Women and athletics Religious and social prejudices
- 11. Sports and multiculturalism

Assignment, Essay / Report, Oral Exam, Presentation in audience, Laboratory Report, Clinical examination of a patient, Artistic

11. Sports and marticulturalism			
12. Body nd sports. Body image a	and exercise		
13. Sports and religion			
A LEADNING O TEACHING NACTI	IODS EVALUATION		
4. LEARNING & TEACHING METH TEACHING METHOD			
Face to face, Distance learning, etc.	Face to face lectures		
USE OF INFORMATION &	Use of ICT in Teaching		
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT)  Use of ICT in Teaching, in Laboratory Education, in Communication with students	<ul> <li>Digital Transparencies</li> <li>Videos</li> <li>MsTeams/e-class/webmail</li> </ul>		
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Workload/semester	
The ways and methods of teaching are	Lectures	26	
described in detail.  Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory Exercise, Field	Written essay	25	
Exercise, Bibliographic research & analysis,	Study and analysis of	21	
Tutoring, Internship (Placement), Clinical	literature		
Exercise, Art Workshop, Interactive learning, Study visits, Study / creation, project, creation,	Exams	3	
project. Etc.	Total	75	
The supervised and unsupervised workload per activity is indicated here, so that total workload per semester complies to ECTS standards.			
STUDENT EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation process	Written essay (30%),		
Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formative or Concluding, Multiple Choice Test, Short Answer Questions, Essay Development Questions, Problem Solving, Written	<ul> <li>Written examination (70%)</li> </ul>		

interpretation, Other/Others	
' '	
Please indicate all relevant information about	
the course assessment and how students are	
the course assessment and now students are	
informed	
, 55	1

# 5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1 Giosos G. (2024). Isuues on Philosophy of Sport. Athens: Propompos
- 2 Mechikoff R. A. (translated by Giosos I., Albanidis E., Anastasiou A.) (2019). History and philosophy of Sports, Sports and Physical Education. Athens: Broken Hill Publishers Ltd.
- 3 Steven A. Stolz (transl. Giosos I.) (2020). Philosophy of Physical Education, Athens: Propombos
- 4 Mouratidis, J. (1994). Philosophical subject of physical education. Thessaloniki: Christodoulidis publications.
- 5 Giosos, J. (2000). Olympic and athletic education. Athens: Propobos publications

# **ANNEX OF THE COURSE OUTLINE**

# Alternative ways of examining a course in emergency situations

Teacher (full name):	Evangelos Albanidis
Contact details:	valbanid@phyed.duth.gr
Supervisors:	YES
Evaluation methods:	Written essay (30%), online written examination (70%)
Implementation Instructions:	The course examination will take place on the day of the examination, according to the examination program.  The examination will be carried out through E-CLASS and Microsoft Teams. The link will be sent to students via e-class exclusively to the institutional accounts of those who have registered for the course and have learned the terms of distance education.  In Microsoft Teams students will have to log in to the examination room through their institutional account, otherwise they will not be able to participate. Before the start of the exam, students will show their identity to the camera, so that they can be identified.